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(71) Applicant: PHILIPS ELECTRONICS N.V. [NL/NL]; Groenewoudseweg 1, NL-5621 BA Eindhoven (NL).

(71) Applicant (for SE only): PHILIPS NORDEN AB [SE/SE]; Kottbygatan 7, Kista, S-164 85 Stockholm (SE).

(72) Inventor: VAN GESTEL, Henricus, Antonius, Wilhelmus; Prof. Holstlaan 6, NL-5656 AA Eindhoven (US).

(74) Agent: SCHMITZ, Herman, J., R.; Internationaal Octrooibureau B.V., P.O. Box 220, NL-5600 AE Eindhoven (NL).

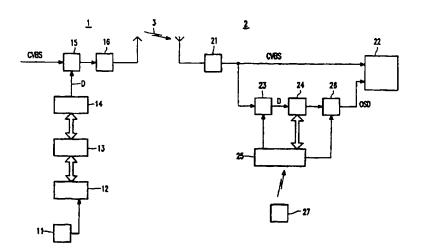
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(54) Title: TRANSMISSION OF DATA ITEMS



(57) Abstract

An arrangement and method is disclosed for transmitting data items to a receiver for selective display on said receiver. The data items may collectively constitute an electronic television program guide or a database of products and services for electronic shopping purposes. By transmitting auxiliary presentation and navigation information, the information provider may determine how a receiver displays the data items and how the receiver needs to respond to user actions. Sometimes, however, it is desirable for a receiver to respond in a setmaker-defined manner, even if navigation and presentation data are provided by the setmaker. In order to solve possible conflicts between the information provider's interests and the setmaker industries' interests, the transmission includes a copyright bit which allows an information provider to indicate explicitly whether or not a receiver is allowed to ignore the transmitted presentation and/or navigation data.

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Transmission of data items.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to an arrangement and method for transmitting data items to a receiver for selective display on said receiver. The data items may collectively constitute an electronic television program guide or a database of products and services for electronic shopping purposes. The invention also relates to a receiver and method for 5 receiving and selectively displaying said data items. Such a receiver may be a television receiver, a video recorder, a personal computer or a dedicated terminal, for example, a home-shopping terminal.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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A typical example of a known method of transmitting an electronic television program guide is disclosed in "Protocol for a TV-Guide using Electronic Data Transmission, Draft 1", EACEM Technical Report No.11, August 1995. In this prior-art method, a plurality of data items such as start time, stop time, title, etc. of television programs to be broadcast are transmitted by one or more television stations.

In order to allow a variety of broadcasts and decoders to be developed, the concept of "Type of Electronic Program Guide (EPG)" has been introduced. EPG type-1 information transmitted on a television channel merely provides the transmission of What's Now and What's Next on the respective TV channel. EPG type-2 information comprises the data items for today's and tomorrow's television programs on this channel. EPG type-3 information covers a larger period of time and includes the data items of other television channels as well. EPG type-3 information includes auxiliary data to instruct a receiver to display the TV guide in a format determined by the information provider and to allow the user to navigate through the TV guide in a manner specified by the information provider. EPG type-3 transmissions are the most attractive from the information provider's point of 25 view. They have the greatest similarity with the current printed versions of TV guides and allow the information provider to present his guide in a self-defined, easy-to-recognize, private "house" style.

At the receiver end, EPG decoders may also have different levels of complexity and exhibit different levels of attractiveness to the public. Setmakers may manufacture various types of decoders for different cost prices, inter alia by using different amounts of memory. Type-1 decoders merely gather the few relevant data items to be displayed and present them in a manner defined by the decoder manufacturer, i.e. the setmaker. Type-2 decoders have additional means to allow the user to navigate through the plurality of data items. These navigation means, and hence the in attractiveness, are also setmaker-defined. Type-3 decoders comply completely with the transmitted display format and navigation instructions, if any.

The EPG standard provides some form of compatibility between different types of decoders and different types of transmission. For example, a type-2 decoder without appropriate means for receiving and processing presentation and navigation data may nevertheless be adapted to receive EPG type-3 information. Such a decoder will ignore the transmitted presentation and navigation data, and present and navigate through the information in a locally defined manner.

OBJECT AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

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It is an object of the invention to provide a more flexible arrangement and method for transmitting EPG information.

The invention is based on the recognition that a problem may arise if an EPG decoder, despite having means for receiving and processing presentation and navigation data accommodated in a EPG type-3 transmission, is adapted to present and navigate through the information in a setmaker-defined manner. Such a decoder is technically feasible and may be attractive from the setmaker's point of view. The decoder may be adapted to scan all receivable television channels transmitting EPG information, store the transmitted data items in local non-volatile memory, and present and navigate through the data items in a consistent manner, irrespective of whether the data items have been acquired from a type-1, 2 or 3 transmission. A potential conflict will arise if data items are acquired from an EPG type-3 transmission while the layout and navigation data accommodated therein are ignored. Such a decoder possibly infringes the information provider's copyright.

According to the invention, a method is provided of transmitting data items to a receiver for selective display on said receiver, said data items being accompanied by auxiliary data comprising navigation data for informing the receiver how to navigate through said data items and/or presentation data for informing the receiver how to present

the data items, and is characterized in that the auxiliary data includes control data to indicate whether or not the receiver is allowed to ignore said navigation and/or presentation data and to present and navigate through the data items in a receiver-defined manner.

By including said control data in the data signal, the information provider is now given the opportunity to explicitly permit or prohibit a decoder to present the information provided by him in a way which differs from the instructions included in the data signal. The control data may be associated with all data items, with groups of data items, or with individual data items.

A corresponding method of receiving the data items is characterized by the steps of receiving said control data included in said auxiliary data and ignoring, in response to a predetermined value of said control data, said navigation and/or presentation data and presenting and navigating through the data items in a receiver-defined manner. If the control data prohibits the receiver from presenting the data items in a setmaker-defined manner, the receiver may respond in different ways. One option is to adequately respond to the transmitted navigation and presentation data, thereby accepting inconsistency in the manner of presentation between data items received from one information provider or TV channel and data items received from another provider or channel. A further option is to omit the respective data items from a program guide composed of contributions from various information providers.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

Fig.1 shows a system comprising a transmitter 1 and a receiver 2 for carrying out the method according to the invention.

Fig.2 shows a flowchart of transmission steps executed by the transmitter 25 shown in Fig.1.

Fig.3 shows a flowchart of receiving steps executed by the microprocessor of the receiver, shown in Fig.1.

30 DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The invention will now be described with reference to the transmission of data items constituting an electronic program guide to a plurality of television receivers and/or video recorders. However, the invention is not restricted to this type of application.

The method may be used in any data delivery system, in particular multimedia systems and home-shopping terminals.

Fig.1 shows a system comprising a transmitter 1 and a receiver 2 for carrying out the method according to the invention. The transmitter comprises an editing 5 terminal 11 for creating the data items, a processor 12, a memory 13 for storing the data items, and a signal composer 14 for accommodating the information in a data signal D. The transmitter further comprises an inserter 15 for inserting the data signal D in the vertical blanking interval of a composite video signal CVBS. The television signal thus obtained is applied to a modulator 16 for broadcast through a transmission medium 3.

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The receiver comprises a tuner 21 for receiving the television signal. The received signal CVBS is directly applied to a television monitor 22 so as to display the received television program. The signal is also applied to a data decoder 23 which is adapted to acquire the data signal and store the received data in a memory 24. A microprocessor 25 is connected to the memory 24 so as to process the data stored therein. The receiver further comprises a graphic generator 26 adapted to read a predetermined section of memory 24 and generate an On-Screen-Display picture OSD defined by the data stored in said memory section. The OSD picture includes a cursor, the position of which is defined by the microprocessor in response to positioning signals from a remote cursor control device 27. In practice, the receiver described above may be a videorecorder. The videorecorder may have an embedded display device 22 or an output for applying the display signals CVBS and OSD to a separate display device 22 such as a television set.

The EPG data items as well as auxiliary data for presenting the data items and navigating through the program guide are created by editorial staff using editing terminal 11. The data items are processed by processor 12 and stored in respective segments of memory 13. The signal composer 14 assembles the stored data items and forms the data signal D. Data which is most sensible to transmission errors, such as headers, dates and times, string lengths, identifiers, etc., are protected by a Hamming code.

Fig.2 shows a flowchart of transmission steps executed by the transmitter. Each step includes the transmission of a section of the database, i.e. the transmission of a respective segment stored in memory 13. The various sections comprise Service Information SI (step 31), Programming Information PI (step 32), Background Information BI (step 33), Navigation Information NI (step 34), OSD Information OI (step 35) and Message Information MI (step 36), respectively. A more detailed description of these sections can be found on

pages 22-31 of the Reference already mentioned in the opening paragraph of this Application.

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According to the invention, one or more sections also include control data to indicate whether or not the receiver is allowed to ignore the navigation data (for example, 5 NI) and/or presentation data (for example, BI, OI). In the following embodiments of the invention, said control data is transmitted in the form of a single bit. By setting this bit to zero, the information provider explicitly permits a receiver to present and navigate through the EPG data items in any suitable form. If this bit is set to one, the information provider expresses that the information may not be displayed in a different way than intended by himself.

In a first embodiment of the invention, the control bit is accommodated in the section Service Information (step 31) and is thus associated with all the EPG information provided for by the respective service. In a further embodiment, the control bit may be associated with a block of programs. In a third option, the control bit may be accommodated 15 in the section Programming Information (step 32). In that case, a control bit is associated with each individual data item.

Fig.3 shows a flowchart of receiving steps executed by the microprocessor 25 of the receiver. In an initial step 41, the microprocessor controls tuner 21 to successively tune to all receivable television stations and controls data decoder 23 to acquire EPG data 20 items and store them in memory 24. In this step, the control bit associated with a service, a block of items or each individual data item is also stored. As long as the user has not pressed a key so as to consult the acquired information which is checked in a step 42, said operations of acquiring and updating of data items are continued.

In a step 43, the microprocessor receives and processes cursor control commands and determines which data item or block of data items must be presented (for example, all television program titles of a particular category, today's programs of a selected station, or all programs to be broadcast next).

In a step 44, the processor checks whether the stored control bit b is set to zero for the particular EPG service, the particular channel, the particular block or particular 30 data item. If that is the case, a step 45 is performed in which the relevant information is displayed, thereby ignoring navigation and presentation information associated therewith. If the stored control bit is one, a step 46 is performed. In this step, the relevant information is displayed, taking into account the navigation and presentation information associated therewith. This may lead to a data item presentation which is completely different than that

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for other items. It may also cause completely different actions to be taken by the user to navigate through the database than before. Optionally, step 46 may mean that the relevant data items are not displayed at all. In that case, an appropriate message will be given to the user.

Claims

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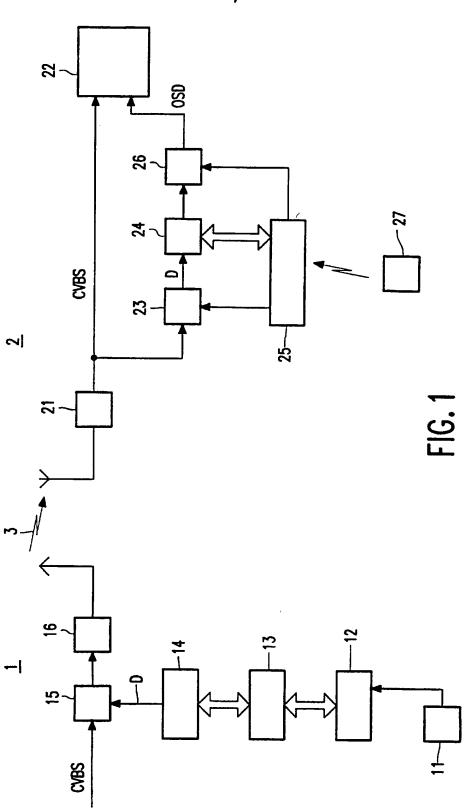
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- 1. A method of transmitting data items to a receiver for selective display on said receiver, said data items being accompanied by auxiliary data comprising navigation data for informing the receiver how to navigate through said data items and/or presentation data for informing the receiver how to present the data items, characterized in that the auxiliary data includes control data to indicate whether or not the receiver is allowed to ignore said navigation and/or presentation data and to present and navigate through the data items in a receiver-defined manner.
- 2. A method as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the data items collectively constitute an electronic television program guide.
- 10 3. A method as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the data items collectively constitute a database of products for electronic shopping purposes.
 - 4. A method as claimed in Claim 1, wherein said control data is a single bit, one value of which indicates whether or not the receiver is allowed to ignore said navigation and/or presentation data and to present and navigate through the data items in a receiver-defined manner.
 - 5. A transmitter for transmitting data items to a receiver for selective display on said receiver, said data items being accompanied by auxiliary data comprising navigation data for informing the receiver how to navigate through said data items and/or presentation data for informing the receiver how to present the data items, characterized in that the auxiliary data includes control data to indicate whether or not the receiver is allowed to ignore said navigation and/or presentation data and to present and navigate through the data items in a receiver-defined manner.
- 6. A method of receiving and selectively displaying data items received from a transmitter transmitting said data items, the data items being accompanied by auxiliary data comprising navigation data for informing the receiver how to navigate through said data items and/or presentation data for informing the receiver how to present the data items, characterized by the step of receiving control data included in said auxiliary data and the step of ignoring, in response to a predetermined value of said control data, said navigation and/or

presentation data and presenting and navigating through the data items in a receiver-defined manner.

- 7. A method as claimed in Claim 6, wherein the data items collectively constitute an electronic television program guide.
- 5 8. A method as claimed in Claim 6, wherein the data items collectively constitute a database of products for electronic shopping purposes.
- 9. A method as claimed in Claim 6, wherein said control data is a single bit, one value of which indicates whether or not the receiver is allowed to ignore said navigation and/or presentation data and to present and navigate through the data items in a receiver-defined manner.
 - 10. A method as claimed in Claim 7, further comprising the step of acquiring and storing the data items received from a plurality of different television channels, characterized by the step of omitting the display of data items for which said control data does not have said predetermined value.
- 15 11. A receiver for receiving and selectively displaying data items received from a transmitter transmitting said data items, the data items being accompanied by auxiliary data comprising navigation data for informing the receiver how to navigate through said data items and/or presentation data for informing the receiver how to present the data items, characterized in that the receiver is adapted to receive control data included in said auxiliary data and to ignore, in response to a predetermined value of said control data, said navigation and/or presentation data and to present and navigate through the data items in a receiver-defined manner.
 - 12. A data signal comprising data items for selective display on a receiver, said data items being accompanied by auxiliary data comprising navigation data for informing the receiver how to navigate through said data items and/or presentation data for informing the receiver how to present the data items, characterized in that the auxiliary data includes control data to indicate whether or not the receiver is allowed to ignore said navigation and/or presentation data and to present and navigate through the data items in a receiver-defined manner.





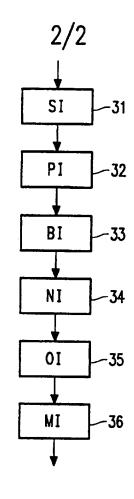
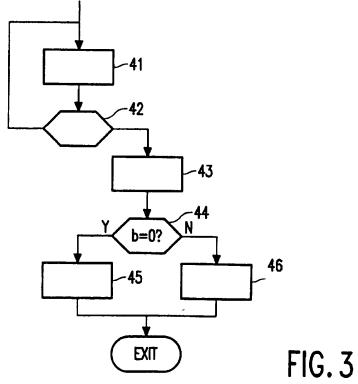


FIG. 2



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/IB 97/00021

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC6: H04N 7/03, H04N 7/088 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC **B. FIELDS SEARCHED** Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC6: H04N, G06F Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category⁴ Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. X EP 0628919 A2 (PHILIPS ELECTRONICS N.V.). 1-12 14 December 1994 (14.12.94), column 2, line 52 - column 3, line 40; column 5, line 36 - column 7, line 5 Α US 5038211 A (HALLENBECK), 6 August 1991 1,2,5,6,7, (06.08.91), column 2, line 20 - column 3, line 29 11,12 US 4860123 A (MCCALLEY ET AL), 22 August 1989 A 1,3,5,6,8, (22.08.89), column 1, line 29 - column 4, line 13 11,12 Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex. Special categories of cited documents: later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered the principle or theory underlying the invention to be of particular relevance "E" ertier document but published on or after the international filing date "X" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other step when the document is taken alone special reason (as specified) "Y" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination document published prior to the international filling date but later than being obvious to a person skilled in the art the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report **20** -05- 1997 <u>16 May 1997</u> Name and mailing address of the ISA/ Authorized officer **Swedish Patent Office** Box 5055, S-102 42 STOCKHOLM Christian Rasch Facsimile No. +46 8 666 02 86 Telephone No. +46 8 782 25 00 Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1992)

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/IB 97/00021

C (Continu	ation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant	Relevant to claim No	
P,A	WO 9634486 A1 (TV GUIDE ON SCREEN), 31 October 1996 (31.10.96), page 5, line 1 - page 6, line 16		1-12
			
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			1
			1
name Down	SA/210 (continuation of second sheet) (July 1992)		

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

02/04/9

International application No.
PCT/IB 97/00021

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